



# Deceased Subjects

### Policy:

EMS will handle the disposition of deceased subjects in a uniform, professional, and timely manner.

### Purpose:

The purpose of this policy is to:

- Organize and provide for a timely disposition of any deceased subject
- Maintain respect for the deceased and family
- Allow EMS to return to service in a timely manner.

### Procedure:

1. Do not remove lines or tubes from unsuccessful cardiac arrests/codes unless directed below.
2. Notify the law enforcement agency with jurisdiction if applicable.
3. If subject was found deceased by EMS, the scene is turned over to law enforcement.
4. If EMS has attempted to resuscitate the patient and then terminated the resuscitative efforts, EMS personnel should contact the primary care provider (medical cases) or medical examiner (traumatic cases or primary care provider unavailable) to provide information about the resuscitative efforts.

Cases that require notification of the Medical Examiner when death results from:

Accident	Poisoning
Homicide	Suicide
Violence	
Occurring in jail, prison, correctional institution, or in LEO custody	
Occurring under suspicious, unusual, or unnatural circumstances	
Sudden unexpected death when in otherwise good health	
No current primary care or specialty physician care	

5. Transport arrangements should be made in concert with law enforcement and the family's wishes.
6. If the deceased subject's death is not under the jurisdiction of the medical examiner, any line(s) or tube(s) placed by EMS should be removed prior to transport.
7. Document the situation, name of primary care provider or Medical Examiner contacted, the patient care report form (PCR).
8. Physician Assistants and/or Nurse Practitioners may sign a North Carolina death certificate when specially authorized by their supervising physician.
9. Follow Disposition Policy 9 Organ Procurement Agency Notification